Rubric for Postsecondary Readiness

for HIGH SCHOOLS

MAR 2021
Secondary leaders lay the foundation for students to be lifelong learners and determine their own future. In today’s world, that means preparing them to succeed in their chosen postsecondary path. This rubric is a roadmap to help you evaluate and grow your school’s postsecondary readiness. **It looks at seven focus areas on a three point scale:**

1. **Beginning**
   We have not yet started plans in this area. We consistently display most of the descriptors in this category.

2. **Practicing**
   Plans are in place to implement these practices and processes and they occur with some regularity. We consistently display most of the descriptors in this category.

3. **Persisting**
   Practices and processes have moved from plans to habit and routine and serve as a model for others. We consistently display most of the descriptions in this category.
Seven Focus Areas

1. Improvement Plans & Goals
2. Access, Rigor & Expectations
3. Teacher - Student & Family Relationships
4. Continuous Improvement & Teaming Structures
5. Advising Program & Instructional Practices
6. Graduation & Enrollment Systems
7. Institutional Partnerships

Core Areas are those practices that must be in place in order to achieve comprehensive improvements in postsecondary outcomes. We encourage schools to focus on improving Core Areas before addressing Secondary Areas in order to ensure a strong foundation for success across all areas.
School leaders develop a shared, coherent and narrowly focused postsecondary improvement vision, goals and strategies

**Beginning**
- Non-specific and generic post-secondary success goals, plan and vision
- Ad-hoc focus of post-secondary improvement priorities
- Plans & goals do not address equity gaps across student demographics (race, FRL, ELL, diverse learners)
- Limited resource (financial & staff) alignment to post-secondary goals & strategies

**Practicing**
- Comprehensive definitive & actionable post-secondary improvement plans, including vision, goals, strategies developed and reviewed at leadership level
- Coherent & narrow focus of post-secondary success improvement priorities; variable alignment of structures & professional learning
- Most plans & goals address equity gaps across student demographics (at least one-half of equity gaps)
- Some resource (financial & staff) alignment to post-secondary goals & strategies (eg. dedicated teacher leadership focused on postsecondary improvement)

**Persisting**
- Comprehensive definitive & actionable post-secondary improvement plans, including vision, goals, strategies documented and communicated through PD sessions
- Coherent & narrow focus of post-secondary success improvement priorities; full alignment of structures & professional learning
- All Plans & goals fully address equity gaps & align solutions & intervention (at least 80% of equity gaps)
- Resource (financial & staff) alignment to post-secondary goals & strategies
Access, Rigor & Expectations

Beginning
- Low expectations for students in postsecondary preparatory classes & for post-secondary success as evidenced by a lack of rigorous content and/or generic messages around postsecondary enrollment. Less than one-quarter of students in postsecondary preparatory class
- Minimal staff members, mostly postsecondary coaches/counselors, are committed to students’ post-secondary goals & aspirations. Approx. half of staff can identify post-secondary goals and aspirations of students
- Students are placed into classes with limited input; limited access to AP/IB/CTE classes
- Minimal staff members engaged in supporting students and families to enroll and access postsecondary pathways

Practicing
- Some students are expected to achieve high academic standards in a postsecondary preparatory classes & expected to achieve post-secondary success. More than one-half of students in a least one postsecondary preparatory class
- Some school staff, including postsecondary college counselors and many junior/senior teachers, is collectively committed to students’ post-secondary goals & aspirations. Nearly all staff can identify post-secondary goals and aspirations of students
- Wider access to rigorous courses to more students, limited gaps by student demographics. Students provide input to their course selection process
- Most staff are engaged in supporting students & families to enroll & access postsecondary pathways, including CTE programs. Approx. one-half of students have had such interactions

Persisting
- All students, regardless of background, are expected to achieve high academic standards in several postsecondary preparatory classes & expected to achieve post-secondary success. At least eighty percent of students are in at least one postsecondary preparatory class
- The school staff is collectively committed to students’ postsecondary goals & aspirations can identify post-secondary goals and aspirations of students
- Placement of students in rigorous courses is coordinated to increase access & input for all students; staff has identified & addressed needed changes in teaching practices
- Staff facilitate postsecondary choice & pathway conversations with almost all students & families. At least ninety percent or more students have had such interactions

Schools adopt/continue high expectations for students across the school and practice equitable placement and access of students to early college/CTE/etc. classes
### Teacher - Student & Family Relationships

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Beginning</th>
<th>Practicing</th>
<th>Persisting</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Few (less than ten percent of) teachers incorporate aspects of students’ identities into classroom instruction</td>
<td>About half of teachers incorporate aspects of students’ identities into classroom instruction</td>
<td>Most teachers (at least eighty percent) incorporate aspects of students’ identities &amp; goals into classroom instruction</td>
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<tr>
<td>Limited sense of belonging in classes</td>
<td>About half teachers create a sense of belonging in classes</td>
<td>Almost all teachers create a sense of belonging in classes</td>
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<tr>
<td>Few teachers actively listen &amp; attempt to learn more about students’ experiences &amp; background</td>
<td>About half teachers actively listen &amp; attempt to learn more about students’ experiences &amp; background</td>
<td>Almost all teachers actively listen &amp; attempt to learn more about students’ experiences &amp; background</td>
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<tr>
<td>Most (about eighty percent of) instruction is direct &amp; prescriptive</td>
<td>About half of instruction is direct and prescriptive, while other instruction is facilitative and inclusive</td>
<td>Teachers serve as facilitators of core knowledge</td>
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<tr>
<td>Limited involvement of or reference to families and communities in classroom activities</td>
<td>Some involvement or reference to families and communities in classroom activities</td>
<td>Directly involves or references families and communities in classroom activities</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Few teachers work in partnership with families to support students’ sense of belonging, identity, and values</td>
<td>Some (less than one-quarter) teachers work in partnership with families to support students’ sense of belonging, identity, and values</td>
<td>More than one-half of teachers work in partnership with families to support students’ sense of belonging, identity, and values</td>
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</tbody>
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Teachers institutionalize key relationship building practices and strategies in their classrooms.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Continuous Improvement &amp; Teaming Structures</th>
<th>Leaders execute continuous improvement cycles around postsecondary initiatives and programs that build postsecondary capacity across the campus</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Beginning</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>- No/limited (less than four per school year) post-secondary leadership team meetings</td>
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<tr>
<td>- No formal structure, direction, or alignment of postsecondary leadership team</td>
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<tr>
<td>- Minimal or limited relational trust between postsecondary leadership team members</td>
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<tr>
<td>- Inconsistent continuous improvement cycles focused on postsecondary data; limited collection of key postsecondary data (FAFSA, applications, best fit lists, scholarships, etc.)</td>
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<tr>
<td>- No formal documented and tracked priorities, initiatives, or action steps related to post-secondary success initiatives sustained over time</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Practicing</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>- Monthly postsecondary leadership team meetings with some clarity of roles &amp; ownership. Meetings operate in “update” mode vs. “problem solving” mode</td>
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<tr>
<td>- Formally documented and shared structure, direction, &amp; alignment of post-secondary leadership team</td>
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<tr>
<td>- Moderate relational trust between postsecondary leadership team members</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>- Consistent continuous improvement cycles &amp; problem solving focused on postsecondary data</td>
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<tr>
<td>- Some priorities, initiatives, &amp; action steps related to post-secondary success sustained over time</td>
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<tr>
<td>- Standardized systems &amp; platforms of postsecondary data collection (FAFSA, applications, best fit lists, scholarships, etc.)</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Persisting</strong></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>- Consistent postsecondary leadership team meetings that empower teacher leadership &amp; voice</td>
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<tr>
<td>- Clear structure, direction, &amp; alignment of postsecondary leadership team</td>
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<tr>
<td>- Strong relational trust between post-secondary leadership team members</td>
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<tr>
<td>- Consistent continuous improvement cycles &amp; problem solving focused on postsecondary data that lead to school-wide practice changes for all students</td>
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<td>- Priorities, initiatives, &amp; action steps related to post-secondary success sustained over time</td>
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Advising Program & Instructional Practices

School integrates a postsecondary advising program into school-wide structures. Teachers ground their instructional practices in culturally relevant pedagogy.

**Beginning**
- No curriculum-based attention paid to the non-cognitive skills & needs of students required for postsecondary success during instructional planning & delivery
- Most work in this realm with students is deficit rather than asset-based
- No formal class work in academic assessment & career planning
- Limited student leadership opportunities and peer networks throughout the school

**Practicing**
- School utilizes a generic curriculum focused on developing students' noncognitive skills required for postsecondary success; class is offered for a limited time parameter
- About one-half of teachers utilize instructional practices, such as reflection, collaborative structures, student-centered design, and academic risk-taking, that support student non-cognitive development
- About one-half of students participate in academic assessment & career planning within a formal college & career access class aligned to their identity, values, & aspirations
- Faculty supports the development of some student leadership opportunities and peer networks throughout the school
- Limited reinforcement of these non-cognitive skills in other classes or school structures

**Persisting**
- School consistently incorporates a culturally relevant curriculum focused on developing students' noncognitive skills required for postsecondary success. Curriculum serves as a foundation for school's advising program
- Most teachers utilize instructional practices, such as reflection, student-centered design, and academic risk-taking, that support student non-cognitive development
- At least ninety percent of students participate in academic assessment & career planning within a college & career access class & develop formal plans aligned to their identity, values & aspirations
- Faculty supports the development of some student leadership opportunities and peer networks throughout the school and aligns them to students’ identities, values, and aspirations
- Teachers & school leaders reinforce non-cognitive skills outside of core class
- Curriculum is a part of a credit-bearing, advisory-focused, class & spans multiple years
Graduation & Enrollment Systems

**Beginning**
- No systems exists to support students & families to identify the best-fit postsecondary options
- Less than one-quarter of students and families receive individualized support from a counselor or other member of the postsecondary leadership team
- Annual at best monitoring of students’ postsecondary milestones (credit accumulation, graduation, enrollment, financial aid)
- There is no system in place to provide support related to postsecondary opportunities for students at-risk of dropping out

**Practicing**
- School has a system in place (Naviance, Grad Track) has documented and tracks a process to help students navigate the postsecondary enrollment process
- About half of students & families receive individualized support from school staff
- Quarterly monitoring of students’ postsecondary milestones (credit accumulation, graduation, enrollment, financial aid)
- Staff have begun to develop a system to provide support related to postsecondary opportunities for some students at-risk of dropping out (based on academic and noncognitive data)

**Persisting**
- Institutionalized system & process to help students navigate the postsecondary enrollment process
- At least ninety percent of students & families receive individualized support from school staff
- Systemic monthly identification, diagnosis, & support of students’ postsecondary milestones (credit accumulation, graduation, enrollment, financial aid)
- A regularly implemented system exists to provide support related to postsecondary options for all students at risk of dropping out (based on academic and noncognitive data)
- Counseling process is designed to increase a student’s understanding of the connection & relevance of what they do now to their future plan

Schools support off track students through individualized supports and utilize a formalized system to help students navigate the enrollment process.
Institutional Partnerships

**Beginning**
- Few or no formalized partnerships between district/school & postsecondary partners exist
- External support is minimal & ad hoc
- No systemic (only ad hoc) facilitation of postsecondary pathway activities: field trips, info sessions, site visits, etc.

**Practicing**
- District has developed some partnerships for a range of postsecondary pathways for small numbers of students (less than one-quarter of students)
- Partnerships are formalized with MOUs or similar clarifying documents
- School facilitates, plans and tracks, regular postsecondary pathway activities: field trips, info sessions, site visits, etc.
- Informal engagement opportunities exist for alumni to support student postsecondary planning

**Persisting**
- District/school & a range of postsecondary partners, have designed systems & partnerships for supporting student needs identified by the school for most students
- School/district provides ongoing support to alumni post-graduation
- All partners have a clear documented & reviewed understanding of their roles & responsibilities in these systems
- School facilitates regular postsecondary pathway activities: field trips, info sessions, site visits, etc. that encompass a range of college & career options
- School leverages alumni to support student postsecondary planning
Ready to Assess Your School?

Open the Worksheet
A tool to assist in evaluating your individual school using this rubric.

Convene a Team
Convening a team of teachers, counselors, community members, etc.

Review + Analyze
Reviewing and analyzing current postsecondary and other sources of data

Evaluate + Prioritize
Evaluating and prioritizing specific, narrowly-focused areas for improvement

This accompanying worksheet to this rubric assists leaders in making a personalized assessment of their school’s postsecondary readiness and helps districts outline a plan for improving district-wide postsecondary practices. The process is cyclical + should start before or early in the school year + be revisited 2-3 times throughout the year.
School Rubric: Glossary of Terms

- **Postsecondary pathway**: The set of different paths that students can pursue upon high school graduation. Pathways can include traditional 4 year or 2 year college programs, employment, the military, job training programs or apprenticeships.

- **Improvement plans**: Improvement plans identify the academic and priority goals along with strategies for each school.

- **Postsecondary preparatory classes**: College or workforce dual enrollment courses that help increase students' preparation for, access to, and completion of their postsecondary pathway. Examples include Advanced Placement, International Baccalaureate, or career and technical education classes.

- **Student identity**: Who a student is with regard to his/her/their personal history and within the context of their community; these factors affect how a student learns and how learning influences who they become.

- **Student belonging**: The extent to which students feel accepted, supported, and respected by their teachers and classmates.

- **Continuous improvement cycles**: A cyclical process that intends to improve a district, school, or class. The process involves setting goals, identifying improvement strategies, and an evaluation system that works to promote a continuous loop of feedback and improvement.

- **Postsecondary leadership teams**: (PLTs) are teachers, administrators, counselors, coaches, and other support staff that work together to focus on college and career awareness, readiness, and access.
School Rubric: Glossary of Terms

- **Relational trust**: Trust that is built through day-to-day social exchanges within a community or group; yields confidence in students, staff, and other stakeholders.

- **Postsecondary data**: Metrics across various data sources that provide information on whether students are on track to enroll, persistent, and eventually complete a postsecondary pathway credential. Sample metrics include: academic indicators (GPA), testing indicators (meeting college-ready benchmarks on the SAT), admissions indicators (completing college applications), and financial indicators (completing FAFSA).

- **Culturally relevant pedagogy and curriculum**: A pedagogical framework grounded in social justice, equity, and multicultural education and based on three fundamental components: academic achievement (student learning and academic rigor), cultural competence, and socio-political consciousness.

- **Advising program**: A program that ensures all students receive the information needed to make an informed decision about their plans for after high school graduation.

- **Postsecondary milestones**: Specific and timely goals students aim to accomplish during the transition from high school to multiple postsecondary pathways. Examples include FAFSA completion, personal statement drafting, and building a best fit postsecondary list.

- **Postsecondary partners**: Postsecondary institutions in a school’s geographic community that work to strengthen the student pipeline of the institution and helps increase student retention once on campus (ex. CUNY in New York City).
Sources

Click to Link to the Source

The Internal Coherence Framework

Massachusetts Department of Elementary & Secondary Education

Gear Up

Oregon Department of Education

Network for College Success

Collaborative for Academic, Social, & Emotional Learning
A little background on us and how we can work together
Every young person will have an equitable opportunity to achieve their greatest postsecondary aspirations.
We offer partners a flexible, high-impact, low-cost solution that addresses the institutional and system-level barriers to student success.

**Student Community**
We foster communities of first-generation students who support one another as they explore their options, hone skills, and make the critical transition to college or other postsecondary pathway.

**Teacher-Led**
We recognize and celebrate educators’ expertise. We provide training and support to launch the program and ongoing professional development to equip staff to be postsecondary success experts.

**Personalized Learning Platform**
Flexible online platform offers individualized support and standardized content. Students and teachers see personalize postsecondary roadmap and data to track their progress.

**Culturally Relevant Pedagogy**
Our curriculum, grounded in Culturally Relevant Pedagogy, empowers our students to use their strengths and identities to shape and pursue their postsecondary aspirations.
Today we operate our core model in partnership with schools in six regions from coast to coast. In the fall of 2020 we are launching our new District Partnership Pilot to serve entire districts.
Learn More +
How We Can Help

visit
onegoalgraduation.org to discover more about our work

request
a brochure to learn more about how the program works and how we collaborate with partners

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